

## On the Evolution of Games\*

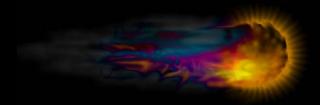
Katrin Becker, PhD

\*not so much a presentation of results as an Invitation

### overview

New(?) lens through which to examine games

More questions than answers...



K.Becker CGSA 2008

# History vs Evolution

#### History

- event-driven, broad scope, contextual
- interested in all aspects of the past

#### **Evolution**

K.Becker

- data-driven, narrow scope, highly threaded
- specifically interested in change

**CGSA 2008** 

## Change

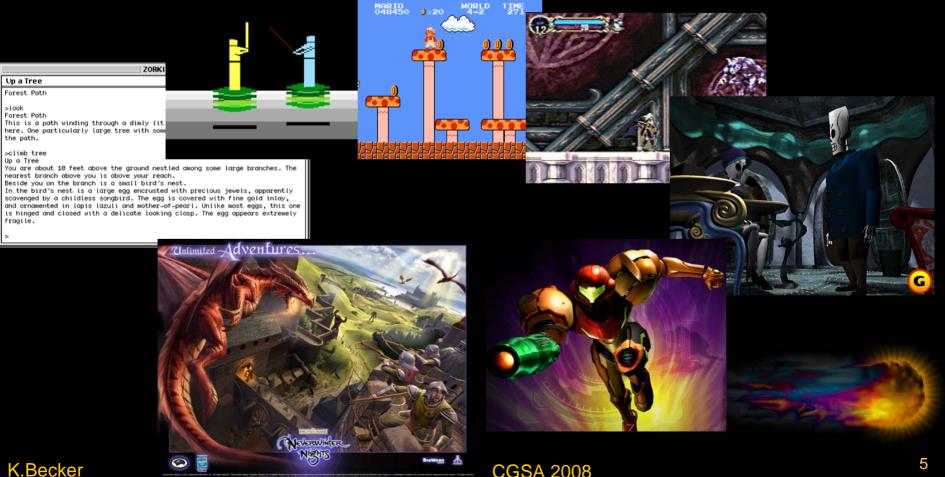
#### What changes over time?

- Genres and their definitions.
- What's on the screen during play:
  - Graphics
  - H.U.D.
- Game play.
- Narratives.
- And, of course, technical advances.

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## Evolution

#### Examination of change across time....



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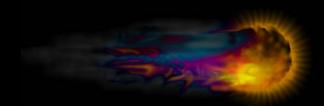
### What can we Learn?

How a behaviour (or other aspect) may have evolved from similar behaviours in other games can provide some insights into elements of designs that are successful.





Examine game(s) from one or more perspectives to look at....



#### Look at: Descent

• affinity (similarity): common descent









#### Look at: Environmental adaptations

• convergent evolution: different species / same behaviour, possibly due to similar external forces







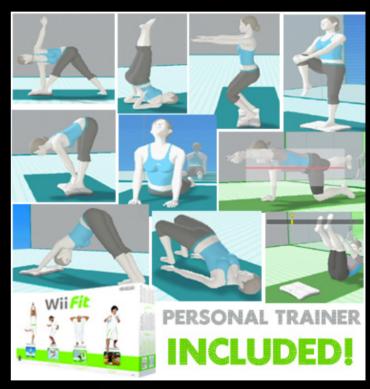




#### Look at:

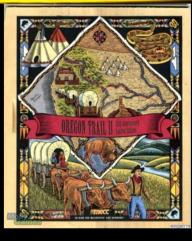
Spontaneous 'mutations'







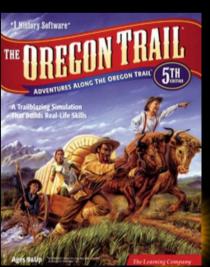
# Look at: Selective Pressure











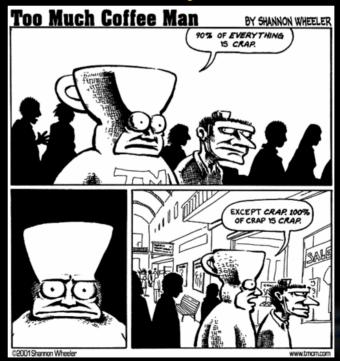
## Perspectives

- Games Generally
- Specific Genres
  - Shooters, RPGs, etc.
- Game Elements
  - H.U.D.s, graphics, interaction
- Franchises
  - Mario , Pokémon , The Sims , Final Fantasy , Grand Theft Auto, Madden NFL, Tetris, FIFA, The Legend of Zelda, Tom Clancy
- Numbered Games
  - GTA

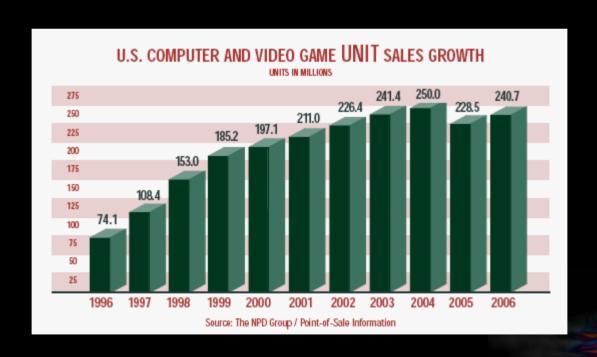
- 1. If all the individuals of a species reproduced successfully, the population of that species would increase uncontrollably.
- 2. Populations tend to remain about the same size from year to year.
- 3. Environmental resources are limited.
- 4. No two individuals in a given species are exactly alike.
- 5. Much of this variation in a population can be passed on to offspring.

1. If all the individuals of a species reproduced successfully, the population of that species would increase uncontrollably.

**Enter Sturgeon's Law:** 



#### 2. Populations tend to remain about the same size from year to year.



3. Environmental resources are limited.

**Markets** 

**\$\$\$** 

**Consoles** 

**Development Teams** 

Imagination?

**Peripherals** 



# 4. No two individuals in a given species are exactly alike.







5. Much of this variation in a population can be passed on to 'offspring'.





# Why do some games change very little over time?









And Others Change a Great Deal?











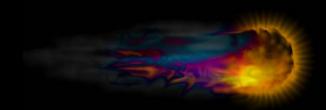






## Struggle for Existence

- A game's survival has to do with how successful it is at keeping people in the game as well as at doing what it was designed to do:
  - Entertain
  - Learning
  - Persuasion
  - Marketing































- PlayStation

# The Evolution of Mario.



















